

Una parte importante para ambos modelos es el punto en el tiempo de iniciación de la predicción y la longitud de la ventana de predicción, lo cual involucra un buen conocimiento de la hidrología de la zona, para poder trabajar con los períodos intranuales críticos y con una ventana de predicción adecuada que cubra la longitud de esos períodos, y que los resultados obtenidos estén siempre sujetos a una mirada crítica para evaluar los resultados.

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